

## BANK RECONCILIATION STATEMENT

It is statement that is prepared by a person who is holding an account with a bank on a particular date. Basically, it helps to reconcile the bank balance as per cash book with the balance as per bank pass book and shows those entries that caused the differences between the two balances at a particular point of time.

- BRS is prepared by the account holder regularly after certain interval. It may be prepared every month, every week or even daily, depending upon the number of transactions and size of the firm.
- BRS shows the reasons responsible for disagreement of balances in the Cash Book and the Pass Book.

### Importance:

It identifies the errors in the cash book or in the bank pass book.

It discourages misappropriation or misuse of funds available for business activities.

It helps in verifying the entries recorded in the cash book for accuracy.

It ensures that appropriate balances are shown in the cash book and bank pass book.

It highlights the cheques issued but not presented for payment or cheques recorded in the cash book but stilling pending due to clearance delay.

### Meaning of Cash Book and Bank Pass Book:

#### Cash Book:

It is a type of subsidiary book which records only cash and bank transactions in chronological order.

All receipts in cash (including cheque) are recorded on the debit side, whereas all payments in cash (including cheque) are recorded on the credit side of the cash book.

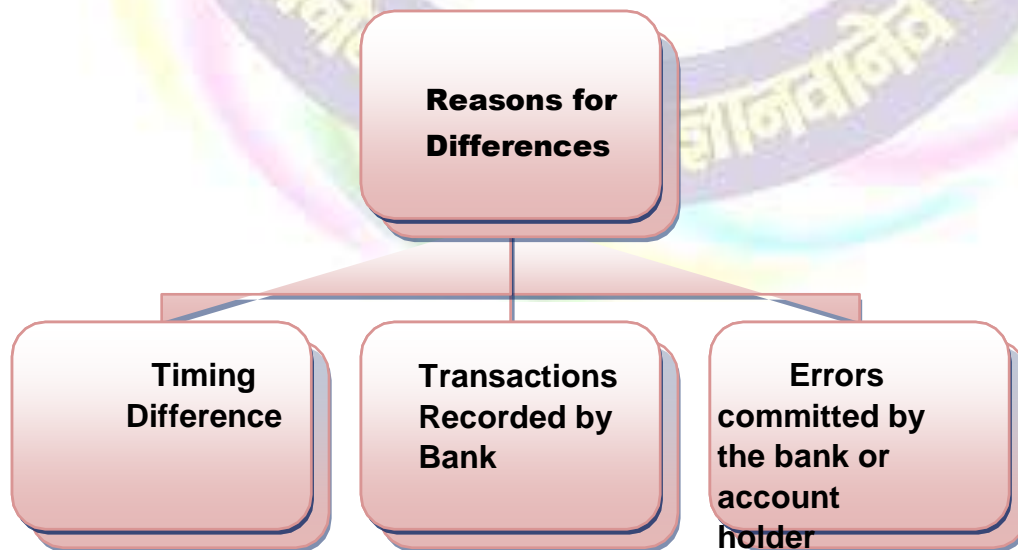
#### Bank Pass Book:

All the banks maintain an account of the account holder in their books. In the account, all the deposits by the account holder are recorded on the credit side and withdrawals on the debit side of the account.

A copy of such account it is given to the account holder in the form of Statement or Pass Book.

Debit Balance in the Pass Book represents bank is to recover some amount from the account holder and credit balance means bank is to pay the account holder the required balance in the account.

### Reasons for difference between Bank Balances as per Cash Book and Bank Statement or Bank Pass Book



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- **Timing Differences:** There is always some difference of time while the transactions are being recorded by bank in its records and further by the business entity in its records or vice versa.

**Cheques issued but not yet presented for payment:** In a cash book, the cheques issued for payment are recorded without any delay. But the bank records the entry only when the cheque is presented to them for payment. Hence, there is a time gap between the entry made in the cash book and the one made in the bank pass book. E.g. a cheque of ` 10,000 that is issued on 4th June, 2016 and presented to the bank for payment on 12th July, 2016. This information will be recorded in the cash book on 4th June while the bank will record it on 12th July, 2016. Hence, the cash book balance will be lesser by ` 10,000 on 30th June 2016.

**Cheques deposited in the bank but not yet cleared:** The cheques received from customers, vendors or elsewhere, are recorded in the cash book the same day we deposit it in the bank on the debit side of the cash book. However, the bank credits the account holder's account only when it receives the payment from the other bank. Hence, there is a time gap between the deposit of cheques and the credit given by the bank. Thus, the bank balances will always differ at any point of time between these two dates. E.g. a cheque of ` 10,000 deposited in the bank on 4th June, 2016 and is collected by bank on 7th June, 2016. This information will be recorded in the cash book on 4th June while the bank will record the cheque collected on 7th June, 2016. Hence, the cash book balance will be higher by ` 10,000 on 5th June 2016.

- **Transactions recorded by the bank:**

**Interest credited by the bank but not recorded in the cash book:** Bank allows interest on the amount deposited by the account holder and credits the account holder's account periodically, say after every 3 months. Thus, the balance of an account holder increases by this amount in the books of the bank. However, the account holder records it only when she/he realizes or comes across the information about the interest allowed by the bank. Hence, the balance as per bank pass book will be higher than the balance as per cash book on a particular date for the time being.

**Interest and dividends collected by the bank:** On behalf of the account holder, bank may be assigned the task to collect interest and dividends and credits the same to account holder's account. But the account holder will come to know only when she/he receives the bank statement that the said amount has been received on account of interest or dividend so collected. Hence, the balance as per bank pass book will be higher than the balance as per cash book for the time being.

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**Bank charges and interest charged by the bank not recorded in the cash book:** Bank renders certain services to its customers for which it charges an amount known as bank charges or service charges. Also, bank do charges interest for providing overdraft facilities. Bank debits the account holder's account in its book with the required amount in form of interest or bank charges. However, the account holder realizes the same only when she/he receives the bank statement. Hence, the balance as per bank pass book will be lesser than the balance as per cash book for the time being.

**Direct payments by the bank:** It is payment made by the bank against the standing instruction by the account holder to the bank for making payments to his clients/vendor/or any one on his/her behalf. Say, the payment of insurance premium. The bank will debit the account holder's account for making payments on his/her behalf. However, the account holder will realize it only when she/he receives the bank statement. Hence, the balance as per bank pass book will be lesser than the balance as per cash book for time being.

**Direct deposit into bank by a customer:** Similar to direct payment, some of the customers/clients may directly deposit their dues to the bank account. The amount that will be received by the bank will be credited to the account holder's account by bank. But the account holder will come to know only when she/he receives the bank statement. Hence, the balance as per bank pass book will be higher than the balance as per cash book for the time being.

**Dishonor of a bill discounted with the bank:** There are chances that the bank does not receive payment against bills of exchange or promissory notes discount by it. In such cases, bank debits the account holder's account along with the charges incurred by it. But the account holder comes to know about the fact of dishonor only when she/he receives the bank statement. Hence, the balance as per cash book will be higher than the balance as per bank pass book for the time being.

**Bills collected by the bank on behalf of the customer:** There are scenarios where sales actually happen through bank (documentation). Here, bank actually collects the amount and credits the same to the respective account. The account holder will increase her/his cash balance only when the bank sends her/him the bank statement quoting bills of said amount have been collected. Hence, the balance as per bank pass book will be higher than the balance as per cash book for the time being.

**Errors committed by the bank or account holder:** There are always the chances for some errors or omissions to occur on both the sides, either by account holder or the bank. For example, a cheque of 30,000 deposited in the bank is recorded as ` 3,000 or ` 3, 00,000 in the cash book i.e. under casting or overcasting of cash book. Similarly, when a cheque of ` 10,000 is collected by bank on behalf of the account holder, say, Mr. Arun, it might be entered in the account of Mr. Varun. In such scenarios, there arises a difference in the balances as per cash book when compared with the bank pass book.

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## **Preparation of Bank Reconciliation Statement**

**Procedure for Preparing Bank Reconciliation Statement:** A Bank Reconciliation Statement (BRS) is prepared immediately after receiving the bank statement or pass book from the bank. Certain points to be noted while making an entry in a cash book and pass book are as follows:

- The debit side of the entries of the cash book should always tally with the credit entries of the pass book and vice versa. Mark the items appearing in both the cash book and pass book and the items which are not marked will be the differences in the balances between the cash book and bank statement.
- A bank reconciliation statement is prepared by obtaining either the balance as per cash book or pass book as a starting point.

### **The following points are necessary to understand in BRS preparation:**

The date on which a BRS is prepared.

The cash balance or pass book balance is considered as a basis of bank reconciliation i.e. if the starting point is a cash book balance, then the ending point will be the balance as per cash book. Similarly, if the starting point is a pass book balance, then the ending point will be the balance as per the pass book.

A debit balance in cash book or a credit balance in pass book indicates that the account has cash deposited in it. This amount can be treated as an asset of the firm and can be called favorable balance noted under the plus items.

Credit balance as per cash book or debit balance as per pass book means overdraft i.e. withdrawal of cash has been in excess that that of the deposits made. It is treated as a liability and is called unfavorable balance noted under the minus items.

Cash book balance increases by debiting an item to the cash book while it decreases by crediting an item to the cash book.

Pass book balance decreases or overdraft increases by debiting an item to the bank pass book while pass book balance increases or overdraft decreases by crediting an item to the pass book

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## Format for Bank Reconciliation Statement

### Bank Reconciliation Statement

As on xxxx

Sr. No.	Particulars	Amount
	Balance as per the Pass Book/Cash Book	xxx
	<i>Add:</i>	
		xxx
	<i>Less:</i>	
		xxx
		xxx

### BRS: Starting with Cash Book Balance

- **Cash Book with Debit Balance:**

- If Bank Reconciliation Statement has debit balance, i.e. favorable balance as per cash book as the starting balance, then each entry causing difference is analyzed to find its effect on the cash book balance i.e. whether there is an increase or decrease in the cash book balance so as to arrive at the balance as per Pass Book.
- The table below shows some of these items which are added to or deducted from the Cash Book debit balance in order to arrive at the Bank Statement or Bank Pass Book balance.

#### Items to be Added

1. Cheque issued but not presented for payment
2. Cheque/Cash deposited directly in the bank
3. Interest Allowed by the Bank
4. Interest/Dividend collected by the bank
5. Bills of Exchange realized
6. Wrong credit granted by bank

#### Items to be Deducted

1. Cheque deposited but not collected/credited
2. Cheque recorded but not deposited
3. Interest charged by bank
4. Cheque/BoE dishonoured
5. Bank Charges
6. Payments made by bank as per standing instructions
7. Wrong debit by bank

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## **Cash Book with Credit Balance:**

- Bank reconciliation statement, if started with credit balance (unfavorable/overdraft) as per cash book, then each entry causing difference is analyzed to find its effect on the cash book balance i.e. increase or decrease in overdraft balance as per cash book.
- The table below shows some of these items which are added to or deducted from the Cash Book credit balance in order to arrive at the Bank Statement or Bank Pass Book balance.

<b>Items to be Added</b>	<b>Items to be Deducted</b>
1. Cheque deposited but not collected/credited	1. Cheque issued but not presented for payment
2. Cheque recorded but not deposited	2. Cheque/Cash deposited directly in the bank
3. Interest charged by bank	3. Interest Allowed by the Bank
4. Cheque or B/R dishonoured	4. Interest/Dividend collected by the bank
5. Bank Charges	5. Cheques deposited but not recorded in Cash Book
6. Payments made by bank as per standing instructions	6. Bills of Exchange realized
7. Wrong debit by bank	7. Wrong credit granted by bank
8. Cheques issued not recorded in Cash Book	

## **BRS: Starting with Pass Book Balance**

### **Pass book with credit balance:**

Bank reconciliation statement, if started with credit balance (favorable) as per pass book, then each entry causing difference is analyzed to find its effect on pass book balance i.e. increase or decrease in the balance as per pass book. The table below shows some of these items which are added to or deducted from the Pass Book debit balance in order to arrive at the Cash Book balance.

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## **Items to be Added**

1. Cheque deposited but not collected/credited
2. Cheque recorded in Cash Book but not deposited
3. Interest charged by bank not recorded in Cash Book
4. Cheque or B/R dishonoured
5. Bank Charges
6. Payments made by bank as per standing instructions (incl. B/P)
7. Wrong debit by bank

## **Items to be Deducted**

1. Cheque issued but not presented for payment
2. Cheque/Cash deposited directly in the bank
3. Interest Allowed by the Bank
4. Interest/Dividend collected by the bank
5. Cheques deposited but not recorded in Cash Book
6. Bills of Exchange realized
7. Wrong credit granted by bank

### **Pass book with debit balance:**

- Bank reconciliation statement, if started with debit balance (unfavorable) or overdraft as per pass book, then each entry causing difference is analyzed to find its effect on pass book balance i.e. increase or decrease in the balance as per pass book.
- The table below shows some of these items which are added to or deducted from the Pass Book credit balance in order to arrive at the Cash Book balance.

## **Items to be Added**

1. Cheque issued but not presented for payment
2. Cheque deposited directly in the bank
3. Interest Allowed by the Bank
4. Interest/Dividend collected by the bank
5. Cheques deposited but not recorded in Cash Book
6. Bills of Exchange realized
7. Wrong credit granted by bank

## **Items to be Deducted**

1. Cheque deposited but not collected/credited
2. Cheque recorded in Cash Book but not deposited
3. Interest charged by bank not recorded in Cash Book
4. Cheque or B/R dishonoured
5. Bank Charges
6. Payments made by bank as per standing instructions (incl. B/P)
7. Wrong debit by bank

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## BRS: Amended Cash Book Method

**Meaning:** Generally, the bank reconciliation statement is prepared by reconciling the causes of differences between the cash book and pass book. But, in actual practice, adjustments are done in the cash book by comparing the bank column of cash book with the bank. This is called amended cash book method.

**Steps:** Starting with the corrected Cash Book Balance, following steps are necessary to be taken:

- Prepare Cash Book having Bank column only. Mention the debit and credit balances of the Cash Book on the respective sides of the Cash Book.
- All errors which have been committed in the cash book are rectified by passing adjusting entries in the cash book for the following:

Items recorded in the Pass Book but not recorded in the Cash Book, i.e., omitted to have been recorded in the Cash Book like bank charges, interest allowed, direct payments by banks, interest charged, dividend/interest/bills receivables directly collected in bank, etc. Errors committed in the Cash Book such as wrong amount of cheques been recorded, errors in

TRANSACTIONS	BALANCES	
	CASH BOOK	PASS BOOK
Cheques issued but not presented for payment	+	-
Cheques deposited but not credited by bank	-	+
Cheques issued but not recorded in cash book	-	+
Cheques recorded in cash book but not deposited	-	+
Cheques deposited but dishonored	-	+
Cheques sent for collection, not yet collected by bank	-	+
Bank charges and interest debited by bank		+
Interest credited (allowed) by bank	-	-
Direct deposits by customers in our bank account	+	-
Interest and dividends collected by bank	+	-
Bills collected by bank, not entered in cash book	+	-
Bills discounted with the bank, but dishonored	+	+
Direct payments made by bank on our standing instructions	-	+
Interest on overdraft charged by bank	-	

Carrying forward or brought forward bank balance, over or under casting of bank column, etc.

With this the balance as per Adjusted Cash Book is known.

Now, the Adjusted Cash Book Balance is taken as starting point and the BRS is prepared by listing the entries causing differences and arriving at the balance as per Bank Statement or Bank Pass Book.

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**ASSIGNMENT NO 1:-**From the following extracts from the cash book and the pass book for the month of April 2021 prepare the bank reconciliation statement as on 30 April, 2021:

## CASH BOOK (Bank Column)

Date 2021	Particulars	Amount (Rs)	Date 2021	Particulars	Amount (Rs)
April 1	To Balance B/D	250000	April 5	By Purchase A/c (360022)	15000
5	To Sales A/c (523012)	50000	12	By Salary A/c (663300)	9000
13	To Commission (228911)	15000	18	By Rent A/c (332277)	6000
15	To Debtor A/c (889900)	5000	22	By Creditors A/c (990011)	10000
20	To Dividend Received (771166)	20000	30	By Balance C/D	300000
		<u>340,000</u>			<u>3,40,000</u>

## Pass Book

Date	Particulars	Withdrew(Dr)	Deposit(Cr)	Balance
2021 1, April	By Balance	-----	-----	250000
7	To Cheque(360022)	15000	-----	235000
10	By Cheque(523012)	-----	50000	285000
20	To Cheque(332277)	6000	-----	279000
22	By Chque(889900)		5000	284000
25	By Mr Rana		12000	296000
28	By Interest		4000	300000
30	By Bank Charge	3000		297000

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ASSIGNMENT NO 2:- Prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement

## CASH BOOK (Bank Column)

Date 2021	Particulars	Amount (Rs)	Date 2021	Particulars	Amount (Rs)
Jan 1	To Balance B/D	150000	Jan 5	By Purchase A/c (334499)	5000
5	To Sales A/c (520010)	60000	12	By Salary A/c (992300)	8000
13	To Commission (220011)	20,000	18	By Rent A/c (112077)	5000
15	To Debtor A/c (778800)	5000	22	By Creditors A/c (882211)	10000
20	To Dividend Received (779977)	10000	31	By Balance C/D	217000
		<u>245,000</u>			<u>2450000</u>

## Pass Book

Date	Particulars	Withdraw(Dr)	Deposit(Cr)	Balance
2021 1, Jan	By Balance	-----	-----	150000
7	To Cheque(334499)	5000	-----	145000
10	By Cheque(520010)	-----	60000	205000
20	To Cheque(112077)	5000	-----	200000
22	By Chque(778800)		5000	205000
25	By Mr Ramu		15000	220000
28	By Interest		3000	223000
31	By Bank Charge	1000		222000

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## **ASSIGNMENT NO 3:- Prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement From Following Transaction**

1. Balance As per Cash book amount to Rs 160000
2. Cheque received from Mr Shyam Rs 25000 but not deposited in to bank
3. Commission Received by bank cheque Rs 15000 and deposited in to bank but not cleared
4. Cheque Issue for Payment of Salary Rs 30000 but not presented in to bank
5. Cheque Issue for Payment to Creditors Rs 10000 but not presented in to bank
6. Bank Charge Rs 2000 not recorded in to cash Book
7. A Customer directly deposited in to bank Rs 12000 but not recorded in to cash book
8. Bank Interest credited Rs 3000 but not recorded in to cash book

## **ASSIGNMENT NO 4:- Prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement From Following Transaction**

1. Balance As per Cash book amount to Rs 180000
2. Cheque received from Mr Shyam Rs 15000 but not deposited in to bank
3. Commission Received by bank cheque Rs 10000 and deposited in to bank but not cleared
4. Cheque Issue for Payment of Salary Rs 3000 but not presented in to bank
5. Cheque Issue for Payment to Creditors Rs 25000 but not presented in to bank
6. Bank Charge Rs 1000 not recorded in to cash Book
7. A Customer directly deposited in to bank Rs 8000 but not recorded in to cash book
8. Bank Interest credited Rs 4000 but not recorded in to cash book

## **ASSIGNMENT NO 5:- Prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement From Following Transaction**

1. Balance As per Pass book amount to Rs 150000
2. Cheque received from Mr Shyam Rs 5000 but not deposited in to bank
3. Commission Received by bank cheque Rs 10000 and deposited in to bank but not cleared
4. Cheque Issue for Payment of Salary Rs 20000 but not presented in to bank
5. Cheque Issue for Payment to Creditors Rs 30000 but not presented in to bank
6. Bank Charge Rs 1500 not recorded in to cash Book
7. A Customer directly deposited in to bank Rs 13000 but not recorded in to cash book
8. Bank Interest credited Rs 2500 but not recorded in to cash book

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## **ASSIGNMENT NO 6:- Prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement From Following Transaction**

1. Overdraft Balance As per Cash book amount to Rs 170000
2. Cheque received from Mr Shyam Rs 25000 but not deposited in to bank
3. Commission Received by bank cheque Rs 15000 and deposited in to bank but not cleared
4. Cheque Issue for Payment of Salary Rs 30000 but not presented in to bank
5. Cheque Issue for Payment to Creditors Rs 10000 but not presented in to bank
6. Bank Charge Rs 2000 not recorded in to cash Book
7. A Customer directly deposited in to bank Rs 9000 but not recorded in to cash book
8. Bank Interest Rs 3000 but not recorded in to cash book

## **ASSIGNMENT NO 7:- Prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement From Following Transaction**

1. Overdraft Balance As per Pass book amount to Rs 140000
2. Cheque received from Mr Shyam Rs 15000 but not deposited in to bank
3. Commission Received by bank cheque Rs 5000 and deposited in to bank but not cleared
4. Cheque Issue for Payment of Salary Rs 20000 but not presented in to bank
5. Cheque Issue for Payment to Creditors Rs 15000 but not presented in to bank
6. Bank Charge Rs 500 not recorded in to cash Book
7. A Customer directly deposited in to bank Rs 6000 but not recorded in to cash book
8. Bank Interest Rs 2000 but not recorded in to cash book